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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/671,565	09/29/2003	Yoichi Kodama	018765-144	4272
21839	7590 05/17/2006		EXAMINER	
BUCHANAN INGERSOLL PC			RAZA, SAIRA B	
(INCLUDING BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS) POST OFFICE BOX 1404		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	IA, VA 22313-1404		1711	
			DATE MAILED: 05/17/2006	ς.

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/671,565	KODAMA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Saira Raza	1711	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 M	larch 2006.		
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matters, pro	osecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-4 is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	r alastian requirement		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			
The bath of declaration is objected to by the Ex	daniller. Note the attached Office	Action of form F 10-132.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority document		ion No	
<ul><li>2. Certified copies of the priority document</li><li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority</li></ul>			
application from the International Burea		ed in this realistic stage	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ed.	
Attachment(s)			
) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary		
<ul> <li>P)</li></ul>	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/17/2006.	6) Other:		
Patent and Trademark Office			-

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## DETAILED ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness

rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamaya et al. in

view of Matsuura et al. (US 5,508,357).

3. Yamaya applies as above, teaching the combination of polyimides and bismaleimides applied

to glass and metal plates but failing to teach the compositions applied to metal foils or polyimides

and metal foils. Yamaya discloses 1,3-bis(3-maleimidophenoxy)benzene, which meets the newly

added limitation regarding the meta-position substitution (col. 4, lines 60-61, Table 1 (Ex. 16 & 17).

Matsuura teaches similar polyimide/bismaleimide thermosetting compositions, where the materials

are applied to metal foils and as adhesives between polyimide films and metal foils (col. 11 lines 51-

62; col. 12 lines 34-63). The articles are formed to provide substrates for flexible printed circuit

boards or TAB tapes. It is the examiner's position that it would have been prima facie obvious to

use the polyimide/bismaleimide compositions of Yamaya's invention applied to metal foils or

between polyimide films and metal foils to form substrates for flexible printed circuit boards or

TAB tapes having Yamaya's improved toughness, flexibility, adhesion, and heat resistance

properties.

4. Regarding the limitations drawn to the polyimide, Yamaya teaches polyimides fitting the

claimed formulas (1) and (4) (col. 1 line 54-col. 2 line 30; examples).

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5. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsuura et al. in

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view of Yamaya et al.

6. Matsuura teaches thermosetting blends of polyimide and bismaleimide (abstract), where the

preferred polyimides fit the applicant's formulas (1) and (4) (col. 3 lines 16-53). The materials are

applied to metal foils or between polyimide films and metal foils (col. 11 lines 51-62; col. 12 lines 34-

63). However, the bismaleimides exemplified having three phenyl groups do not have the claimed

radical for X (col. 9). Yamaya teaches similar polyimide/bismaleimide thermosetting materials,

where the bismaleimides contain 2-4 phenyl groups and have linking groups of oxygen, direct bonds,

carbonyl groups, sulfonyl groups, and sulfinyl groups (col. 2 lines 32-68). Yamaya discloses 1,3-

bis(3-maleimidophenoxy)benzene, which meets the newly added limitation regarding the meta-

position substitution (col. 4, lines 60-61, Table 1 (Ex. 16 & 17). The examples indicate that those

materials made with compounds fitting the applicant's formula have lower softening points and

higher tensile shear strengths than those made with N,N'-diphenylmethane bismaleimide, a

compound exemplified by Matsuura (Yamaya, table 1; Matsuura, example 4). It is the examiner's

position that it would have been prima facie obvious to use the bismaleimides of Yamaya's invention

in Matsuura's invention to provide improved tensile shear strengths and lower softening points to

the compositions.

Declaration under 37 CFR 1.132

7. The declaration under 37 CFR 1.132 filed Mach 17, 2006 is insufficient to overcome the

rejection of claims 1-4 as rejected above, because Yamaya indeed does disclose the bismaleimide

compound linked at the meta position.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Saira Raza whose telephone number is (571) 272-3553. The examiner can

normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

James Seidleck can be reached on (571) 272-1078. The fax phone number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system,

see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system,

contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

James J. Seidleck Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology C≈nter 1700

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